REPEALED BY BY-LAW NO. 8162/2002
DECEMBER 11, 2002

THE CITY OF WINNIPEG

BY-LAW NO. 7230/98

A By-law of THE CITY OF WINNIPEG to establish a program of property tax assistance credits in the year 1998 to encourage and assist in the renovation of residential premises in the City of Winnipeg.

WHEREAS Section 138.1 of The City of Winnipeg Act provides as follows:

By-law re home renovation tax credit program

138.1(1) The council may by by-law establish a program of property tax credits to encourage and assist in the renovation of residential premises, and any such by-law shall include provisions

(a) prescribing types or classes of premises eligible for tax credits, which types or classes may be based on the age, assessed value or occupancy of eligible premises, or other criteria;

(b) prescribing the types of renovations and costs associated with renovations eligible for tax credits;

(c) establishing terms and conditions under which tax credits may be provided and terminated;

(d) respecting the amounts of tax credits, including the maximum annual tax credit for each premises and the period of time in which a tax credit may be applied to taxes; and

(e) respecting any other matter that the council considers necessary or advisable.

Review of program in fifth year

138.1(2) A by-law passed under subsection (1) expires five years after the day it is passed unless the council, in the fifth year, reviews the program and approves continuation of the by-law.

AND WHEREAS Council desires to establish a program of property tax credits to encourage and assist in the renovation of residential premises in the City of Winnipeg;

NOW THEREFORE THE CITY OF WINNIPEG, in Council assembled, enacts as follows:

1. This by-law shall be referred to as the "1998 Home Renovation Tax Assistance Program By-law".

2. In this by-law,

"building permit" means a permit granted under The Winnipeg Electrical By-law or The Winnipeg Building By-law;

"child" means a natural, adopted or step-child;

"designated officer" means a person designated in writing by the Chief Administrative Officer;

"immediate family member of the eligible homeowner" means an eligible homeowner's spouse, parent, child, sibling, parent's parent, parent's sibling, child's spouse, sibling's spouse, child's child, sibling's child, spouse's parent, spouse's sibling, or spouse's sibling's child;

"parent" means a natural, adoptive or step-parent;

"residential unit" means:

(a) a building that is used solely as a dwelling unit for residential occupation, other than:

(i) a mobile home located in a mobile home park or not constructed on a permanent foundation;

(ii) a building that is used wholly or partly as a hotel, motel, tourist camp, apartment hotel or other transient accommodation;

(iii) a building that is used as a nursing home or personal care home; and

(iv) a building that contains more than one dwelling unit;

or

(b) a condominium unit that is used solely as a single dwelling unit for residential occupation, but not including the common elements of a condominium plan;

"sibling" means a natural, adoptive or step-sibling;

"spouse" means:

(i) a person who is legally married to an eligible homeowner; or

(ii) a person publicly represented by the eligible homeowner of the opposite sex as the spouse of that eligible homeowner.

3. The object of this by-law is to provide an economic incentive for the home renovation industry, to reduce the perception that property owners are penalized for improving their properties and to encourage property owners to take out building permits thereby promoting the quality of construction in meeting applicable building, electrical and plumbing codes.

4. Annual tax assistance shall be provided to the owners of eligible residential units, as set out in this by-law.

5. To be an eligible homeowner, a person must meet one of the following requirements at the time of the application and at all times until the eligible renovation is completed:

(a) the person must be the registered owner of the residential unit;

(b) the person is entitled to be registered as the owner of the land on which the residential unit is situated pursuant to *the Veterans' Land Act* (Canada);

(c) the person is a lessee or permittee of the land on which the residential unit is situated under a lease or permit from the Crown; or

(d) the person is someone other than the owner of the residential unit who is able to show long-term uninterrupted occupancy of the residential unit and who does not pay rent;

and must occupy the residential unit on a year-round basis as his or her principal residence at the time of the application and at all times until the eligible renovation is completed.

6. Subject to section 7, the following are eligible renovations:

(a) renovating any part of a residential unit that is used or will be capable of being used as year-round living space, such as

(i) renovating a kitchen,

(ii) renovating a bathroom, including the purchase and installation of sinks, tubs and vanities, and

(iii) finishing an unfinished basement;

(b) building an addition to a residential unit if the addition will be capable of being used as year-round living space;

(c) installing, repairing or upgrading a primary heating system, a plumbing system, an electrical system or a ventilation system, but not including an air conditioner or air exchanger;

(d) insulating walls or attics;

(e) reinforcing or repairing a foundation or basement, or repairing or replacing weeping tile or other parts of the basement, including related excavation and landscaping;

(f) installing or repairing exterior sheathing;

(g) installing or repairing roofing, shingling, soffits, fascia or eavestroughing;

(h) installing or repairing doors or windows, excluding skylight windows;

(i) installing, repairing or upgrading a water or sewer system, including related excavation and landscaping;

(j) modifying a residential unit to accommodate a disabled person;

(k) renovating for reasons of safety or occupant health;

(l) repairing or renovating a residential unit or a part of a residential unit to ensure or maintain compliance with The Maintenance and Occupancy By-law of The City of Winnipeg;

(m) constructing or repairing a deck, verandah or garage;

(n) constructing or repairing an adjunct or accessory building such as a greenhouse, gazebo or sunroom.

7. The following are not eligible renovations:

(a) building or repairing a fence, driveway, patio or sidewalk unless

(i) the building or repairing is necessary to ensure or maintain the structural integrity of the residential unit or to ensure or maintain compliance with any by-law of the City, or

(ii) in the case of a repair, a safety or occupant health risk will exist if the repair is not carried out;

(b) building, installing or repairing a play structure or swings;

(c) building, installing or repairing a swimming pool;

(d) landscaping, except

(I) landscaping that is eligible under section 6, or

(ii) if the landscaping is necessary to ensure or maintain the structural integrity of the residential unit or to ensure or maintain compliance with any by-law of the City;

(e) interior decorating, including the cost of purchasing and installing wallpaper, blinds and drapes;

(f) interior or exterior painting, except

(i) painting that is part of a renovation or addition described in clauses 6(a) or (b),

(ii) to ensure or maintain the structural integrity of the residential unit or to ensure or maintain compliance with any by-law of the City, or

(iii) if a safety or occupant health risk will exist if the painting is not carried out;

(g) purchasing, installing or repairing floor covering, except

(i) as part of a renovation or addition described in clauses 6(a) or (b),

(ii) to ensure or maintain the structural integrity of the residential unit or to ensure or maintain compliance with any by-law of the City, or

(iii) if a safety or occupant health risk will exist if the purchasing, installing or repairing is not carried out;

(h) purchasing, installing or repairing any of the following:

(i) a household appliance, whether it is built-in or free standing;

(ii) skylight windows;

(iii) a fireplace;

(iv) a hot tub, spa or jacuzzi;

(v) a secondary heating unit unless the unit is permanently installed as the primary heating source in a new living space;

(vi) a heat pump, unless it is a primary heating source;

(vii) an air conditioner, an air exchanger or a back-up generator;

(viii) an air purification system, unless a safety or occupant health risk will exist if the air purification system is not installed or repaired or to ensure or maintain compliance with any by-law of the City;

(ix) a security system;

(x) a radio or television antenna or a satellite dish;

(xi) a lawn sprinkler system;

(xii) awnings or other exterior window coverings;

(xiii) any equipment or other thing that is not permanently affixed to a residential unit;

(i) any modification to a residential unit to permit a non-residential use;

(j) any modification to a residential unit to permit a multi-family use; and

(k) repairing a residential unit or part of a residential unit which has been damaged by fire, flood or other insurable risk.

8. To be an eligible residential unit,

(a) a residential unit must be owned by an eligible homeowner under section 5;

(b) a residential unit must have been built before January 1, 1981; and

(c) a residential unit and the land on which it is situated has an assessed value as defined in subsection 1(1) of *The Municipal Assessment Act* not exceeding $100,000 for the year in which the application is made.

9. Subject to sections 10, 11 and 17, applications for home renovation tax assistance may be made in the year 1998 and a tax credit given pursuant to this by-law shall be provided on the annual tax levy following the completion of the eligible renovation and on the annual tax levies for the following two years.

10. In order for a tax credit to be provided:

(a) the eligible homeowner must make application for home renovation tax assistance in a form determined by the designated officer and shall provide any information, documentation or verification that the designated officer may require, including a building permit;

(b) the eligible renovation must be commenced after an application for tax assistance has been made pursuant to this by-law;

(c) the eligible renovation must be commenced after February 28, 1998;

(d) the eligible renovation must be completed within 12 months of the date of the application for tax assistance;

(e) the eligible homeowner must submit proof of the completion of the eligible renovation and must submit invoices for the amount expended for the eligible renovation with proof of payment;

(f) the eligible homeowner must allow the designated officer or his designate a reasonable opportunity to inspect the completed eligible renovation; and

(g) the eligible homeowner must provide such information, documentation or verification as the designated officer may require from time to time to confirm continuing eligibility.

11(1). Subject to subsection (2), the annual tax credit shall be equivalent to 5% of the amount expended for eligible renovations to a maximum annual tax credit of $500 per eligible residential unit.

11(2). The total amount of tax assistance provided by the City of Winnipeg under this and any other Home Renovation Tax Assistance Program shall not exceed $1,500.00 per eligible residential unit in any consecutive five year period.

11(3). In this section, "other Home Renovation Tax Assistance Program" includes City of Winnipeg By-law Nos. 6544/94, 6927/96, 6930/96 and 7137/97.

12. Subject to section 13, the following costs will be included in calculating the amount expended for eligible renovations:

(a) materials;

(b) contractor labour;

(c) retail sales tax;

(d) goods and services tax;

(e) drafting plans;

(f) architectural plans;

(g) applicable permit fees; and

(h) legal and inspection fees.

13. Notwithstanding clause 12(b), the cost or value of labour that is carried out by the eligible homeowner or an immediate family member of the eligible homeowner will not be included in the calculation of the amount expended for eligible renovations.

14. Notwithstanding section 9, a tax credit will be terminated in the year following the occurrence of any of the following events:

(a) the eligible residential unit ceases to be occupied by a person who meets any of the requirements of clauses 5(a), (b), (c) or (d);

(b) the eligible residential unit is demolished;

(c) more than 50% of the eligible residential unit requires replacement as a result of fire, flood or other insurable damage;

(d) the eligible residential unit ceases to be occupied solely for residential purposes; or

(e) the eligible residential unit ceases to be a residential unit.

15. A tax credit provided pursuant to this by-law does not terminate simply by reason of the sale of the eligible residential unit.

16. The determination of:

(a) whether a person is an eligible homeowner under section 5;

(b) whether a renovation is an eligible renovation under sections 6 and 7;

(c) whether a residential unit is an eligible residential unit under section 8;

(d) whether a cost is included in calculating the amount expended for eligible renovations under sections 12 and 13; and

(e) whether an event causing a termination of a tax credit has occurred under section 14;

shall be made by the designated officer.

17. The designated officer may establish an annual date, which shall not be earlier than February 20th in any year, as the latest date that all required proof of completion of eligible renovations must be received in order for a tax assistance credit to be applied to the annual tax levy for that year. Where the eligible homeowner provides any of the information or documentation required under section 10 after the date established by the designated officer, the tax assistance credits shall be applied to the annual tax levy for the next following three consecutive years.

18. Any eligible homeowner or applicant who is aggrieved by a decision of the designated officer made under section 16 may, within 15 days of the date of the decision, appeal from that decision to the Standing Policy Committee on Property and Development by filing a written notice of appeal with the City Clerk or the designated officer, which states the grounds for the appeal.

19. The Committee shall fix a time and a place for a meeting to consider the appeal and cause not less than 15 days notice of the meeting to be provided by mail on the appellant at the address of the residential unit as specified in the application.

20. The notice under section 19 shall inform the appellant that he or she may appear at the meeting and make such representation as he or she desires and that in the event that he or she does not appear at the meeting, a decision may be made by the Committee in his or her absence.

21. On the day and at the time and place stated in the notice, the Committee shall conduct the meeting and receive representations from the appellant and the designated officer and any other person deemed appropriate by the Committee.

22. The meeting may be adjourned from time to time and may be resumed at such time and place as the Committee may decide.

23. The Committee, after conducting the meeting, may:

(a) rescind, modify or confirm any decision made by the designated officer;

(b) make such other decision as in the circumstances of each case it deems just;

and the decision of the Committee, upon being communicated to the appellant shall be final for all purposes under this by-law.

24. The City Clerk shall cause a copy of the Committee's decision to be mailed to the appellant and to any other person who made representation to the Committee.

25. Notwithstanding any provision of this by-law, applications made in 1998 under By-law No. 7137/97 in relation to eligible renovations commenced after February 28, 1998 shall be deemed to have been made under this by-law.

26. This by-law takes effect on the day it is passed and shall expire five years after that day unless, in the fifth year, it is reviewed and extended by Council.

DONE AND PASSED in Council assembled, this 27th day of May, 1998.